SECTION 1) Chemical Product and Supplier's Identification

Product ID: Ultra Synthetic Compressor Oil ISO 32
Product Name: Ultra Synthetic Compressor Oil ISO 32
Revision Date: 10/06/2014
Manufacturer's Name: Martin Lubricants
Address: 484 East 6th Street Smackover, AR, US, 71762
Emergency Phone: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300
Information Phone: 903-988-4211
Date Printed: 10/06/2014

Product/Recommended Uses: Industrial compressor fluid

SECTION 2) Hazards Identification

Classification:
Chronic - Environment - Category 4

Signal Word:
No Signal Word.

Hazard Statements:
May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Precautionary Statements - General:
Read label before use.
If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention:
Avoid release to the environment.

Precautionary Statements - Response:
No specific statements.

Precautionary Statements - Storage:
No specific statements.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal:
Dispose of contents/container to disposal recycling center.
Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

SECTION 3) Composition / Information on Ingredients

<table>
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<tr>
<th>CAS</th>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>% by Weight</th>
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<tr>
<td>0151006-62-1</td>
<td>1-DODECENE, TRIMER, HYDROGENATED</td>
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</table>
SECTION 4) First-aid Measures

Inhalation:
If overcome by inhalation of vapors from hot product, immediately remove from exposure to fresh air. Use oxygen if there is difficulty or irregular breathing; or artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Do not leave victim unattended. Seek immediate medical attention if symptoms persist. If overexposed to oil mist, remove from exposure until excessive oil mist condition subsides.

Eye Contact:
Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water and continue flushing until irritation subsides. If irritation persists call a physician. If material is hot, treat for thermal burns and take victim to hospital immediately.

Skin Contact:
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated area thoroughly with soap and water. If any symptom such as redness or irritation occurs, seek medical attention. If material is hot, submerge injured area in cold water. See a doctor for extensive burns. If victim is severely burned, remove to a hospital immediately.

Ingestion:
Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

SECTION 5) Fire-fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media:
Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide water spray or fog is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:
Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame.

Specific Hazards in Case of Fire:
Dense smoke may be generated while burning. Toxic fumes, gases or vapors may evolve on burning. Heavy flammable vapors may settle along ground level and low spots to create an invisible fire hazard. The vapors may extend to sources of ignition and flash back.

Fire-fighting Procedures:
Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel.

Special protective actions:
Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

SECTION 6) Accidental Release Measures

Emergency Procedure:
Immediately turn off or isolate any source of ignition. Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Collect with absorbent, non-combustible, inert material such as clay or sand, into suitable containers. Transfer to a container for disposal.

Large spills, once contained, may be picked up using explosion proof, non sparking vacuum pumps, shovels, or buckets, and disposed of in suitable containers for disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Spill procedures (water): Remove from surface by skimming or with suitable adsorbents. If a large spill occurs notify appropriate authorities. If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

Recommended equipment:
Positive pressure, full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

Personal Precautions:
Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
Environmental Precautions:
Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

SECTION 7) Handling and Storage

General:
Wash hands after use.
Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.
Do not breathe vapors or mists.
Use good personal hygiene practices.
Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.
Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

Ventilation Requirements:
Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

Storage Room Requirements:
Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight and strong oxidizers. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous.
Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Do not pressureize containers to empty them. Ground all structures, transfer containers and equipment to conform to the national electrical code. Use procedures that prevent static electrical sparks. Static electricity may accumulate and create a fire hazard.

SECTION 8) Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Appropriate Engineering Controls:
Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Eye protection:
Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

Skin protection:
Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Chemical-resistant clothing is recommended to avoid prolonged contact. Avoid unnecessary skin contact.
Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. If handling hot material use insulated protective equipment.
Launder soiled clothes or properly dispose of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

Respiratory protection:
If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapours.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>OSHA TWA (ppm)</th>
<th>OSHA TWA (mg/m³)</th>
<th>OSHA STEL (ppm)</th>
<th>OSHA STEL (mg/m³)</th>
<th>OSHA-Tables Z1,2,3</th>
<th>OSHA Carcinogen</th>
<th>OSHA Skin designation</th>
<th>NIOSH TWA (ppm)</th>
<th>NIOSH TWA (mg/m³)</th>
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<tr>
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<th>ACGIH STEL (ppm)</th>
<th>ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)</th>
<th>ACGIH Carcinogen</th>
<th>ACGIH Notations</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV Basis</th>
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SECTION 9) Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical Properties

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<td>Density VOC</td>
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<tr>
<td>% VOC</td>
<td>0.000%</td>
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<tr>
<td>VOC Actual [lb/gal]</td>
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<tr>
<td>VOC Regulatory [g/l]</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Appearance: Amber, clear fluid
Odor Threshold: N.A.
Odor Description: Mild petroleum hydrocarbon odor
pH: N.A.
Water Solubility: Negligible in water
Flammability: Flash Point at or above 200 °F
Flash Point Symbol: N.A.
Flash Point: 468 °F
Viscosity: 33.53 cSt at 40°C (104°F)
Lower Explosion Level: N.A.
Upper Explosion Level: N.A.
Vapor Pressure: Negligible at STP
Vapor Density: >1 at STP
Freezing Point: N.A.
Melting Point: N.A.
Low Boiling Point: 500 °F
High Boiling Point: N.A.
Auto Ignition Temp: N.A.
Decomposition Pt: N.A.
Evaporation Rate: Negligible at STP
Coefficient Water/Oil: N.A.

SECTION 10) Stability and Reactivity

Stability:
Material is stable at room temperature and pressure.

Hazardous Polymerization:
Will not occur.

Incompatible Materials:
Avoid contact with acids and oxidizing materials.

Conditions to Avoid:
Avoid direct sunlight, extremes of temperatures and contact with incompatible materials.
Avoid high temperatures and product contamination.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:
Smoke, carbon monoxide and dioxide and other aldehydes of incomplete combustion. Oxides of C, Ca, P, S, and N. Hydrogen sulfide and alkyl mercaptans and other sulfides may be released.
SECTION 11) Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity:
If inhalation: Overexposure by inhalation of hot material may cause nonspecific discomfort, such as nausea, headache or weakness. Caution should be taken to prevent forming aerosol or misting of this product without proper respiratory protection.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation:
No data available.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:
Avoid prolonged contact with the eyes, which may cause mild eye discomfort, tearing, or blurring of vision.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity:
No data available.

Carcinogenicity:
No ingredients listed by IARC, NTP or OSHA.

Mutagenicity:
No data available.

Reproductive Toxicity:
No data available.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:
Prolonged or repeated contact may make skin more sensitive to other skin sensitizers.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure:
No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure:
No data available.

Aspiration Hazard:
Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

SECTION 12) Ecological Information

Toxicity:
This material may be toxic to aquatic organisms and should be kept out of sewage and drainage systems and all bodies of water.

Persistence and Degradability:
No data available.

Bio-accumulative Potential:
No data available.

Mobility in Soil:
No data available.

Other Adverse Effects:
No data available.

SECTION 13) Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal:
Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.
SECTION 14) Transport Information

U.S. DOT Information:

Bulk Shipping Description: Does not apply to bulk oil shipping.
Non-Bulk Shipping Description: Does not apply to non-bulk oil shipping.
Identification Number: Not applicable.
Hazard Classification: Not applicable.
Other: See 49 CFR for additional requirements for descriptions, allowed modes of transport and packaging. For more information concerning spills during transport, consult latest DOT Emergency Response Guidebook for Hazardous Materials Incidents, DOT P 5800.3.

IMDG Information:

This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

IATA Information:

This material is not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations.

SECTION 15) Regulatory Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS</th>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>% By Weight</th>
<th>Regulation List</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0151006-62-1</td>
<td>1-Dodecene, trimer, hydrogenated</td>
<td>83% - 100%</td>
<td>DSL,SARA312,TSCA</td>
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<tr>
<td>MIXTURE</td>
<td>Proprietary Additives</td>
<td>1% - 3%</td>
<td>TSCA</td>
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</table>

SECTION 16) Other Information Including Information on Preparation and Revision of the SDS

Glossary:

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA-National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313-Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

HMIS

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B

Chronic:

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